

Operatoren für das Fach Geschichte

Operators for bilingual history classes

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Anforderungsbereich I (Reproduktion)	Anforderungsbereich II (Reorganisation und Transfer)	Anforderungsbereich III (Reflexion und Problemlösung)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • aufzählen, nennen = to enumerate, to list, to state, to name • aufzeigen = to illustrate, to demonstrate, to point sth out • beschreiben = to describe • wiedergeben = to reproduce, to present, to convey • zusammenfassen = to summarize, to sum up • bezeichnen = to name, to identify, to denote • schildern = to describe • skizzieren = to sketch, to outline (briefly) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • analysieren = to analyse • untersuchen = to examine, to scan • begründen = to justify, to give reasons for sth • nachweisen = to prove, to demonstrate, to establish • charakterisieren = to characterize • einordnen = to contextualize, to place in context • erklären = to explain • erläutern = to elucidate, to clarify • herausarbeiten = to identify, to extract sth from sth (e.g. the author's arguments from the text) • gegenüberstellen = to contrast (sth with sth), to juxtapose • widerlegen = to disprove, to refute 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • beurteilen = to judge, to assess • bewerten = to evaluate • Stellung nehmen = to state your opinion, to take a position on • entwickeln = to develop • diskutieren = to discuss, to debate • sich auseinander setzen = to engage with sth (critically), to address, to examine in-depth • prüfen, überprüfen = to examine, to verify, to check, to consider • vergleichen = to compare
Übergeordnete Operatoren (Anforderungsbereich I–III)		
darstellen = to outline (in detail), to portray, to delineate interpretieren = to interpret erörtern = to debate, to discuss, to explore (in detail)		

Hinweis: Auch weitere synonome englische Begriffe können genutzt werden.